EnviroChlorite 15
Chlorine Dioxide and Acidified Chlorite
Solution Precursor

ACTIVE INGREDIENT:
Sodium Chlorite.............................15%
Other Ingredients.............................85%
Total...........................................100%

EPA Reg. No. 63383-21
EPA Est. No. 63383-CA-01; 63383-AR-001

KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN
DANGER

FIRST AID

IF IN EYES
- Hold eye open and rinse slowly and gently with water for 15-20 minutes.
- Remove contact lenses, if present, after the first 5 minutes, then continue rinsing eye.
- Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice.

IF ON SKIN OR CLOTHING
- Take off contaminated clothing.
- Rinse skin immediately with plenty of water for 15-20 minutes.
- Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice.

IF SWALLOWED:
- Call a poison control center or doctor immediately for treatment advice.
- Have person sip a glass of water if able to swallow.
- Do not induce vomiting unless told to do so by the poison control center or doctor.
- Do not give anything by mouth to an unconscious person.

IF INHALED
- Move person to fresh air.
- If person is not breathing, call 911 or an ambulance, then give artificial respiration, preferably by mouth-to-mouth, if possible.
- Call a poison control center or doctor for further treatment advice.

For 24 hour emergency information, call Chemtrec at 1-800-424-9300. Have the product container or label with you when calling a poison control center or doctor, or going for treatment.

NOTE TO PHYSICIAN: Probable mucosal damage may contraindicate the use of gastric lavage.

See back panel for additional precautionary statements

PRECAUTIONARY STATEMENTS

HAZARDS TO HUMANS AND DOMESTIC ANIMALS
DANGER CORROSIVE: Causes irreversible eye damage and skin burns. Harmful if swallowed. Avoid breathing vapors. Do not get in eyes or clothing. Wear splashproof goggles, protective clothing, and rubber gloves when handling this product. Avoid breathing mist or fumes. Vacuum poorly ventilated area as soon as possible. Do not return until strong odors have dissipated. Wash thoroughly with soap and water after handling and before eating, drinking, chewing gum, using tobacco, or using the toilet. Remove and wash contaminated clothing before reuse.

ENVIRONMENTAL HAZARDS: This product is toxic to fish and aquatic invertebrates, oyster, and shrimp. Do not discharge effluent containing this product into lakes, streams, ponds, estuaries, oceans or other waters unless in accordance with the requirements of the National Pollution Discharge System (NPDES) permit and the permitting authority has been notified in writing prior to discharge. Do not discharge effluent containing this product into sewer systems without previously notifying the local sewage plant authority. For guidance, contact your State Water Board or Regional Office of the EPA.

PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL HAZARDS:
Strong oxidizing agent. This product becomes a fire or explosive hazard if allowed to dry. Mix only into water. Mixing with acids, alcohols, or other chemicals may cause evolution of chlorine dioxide gas which is toxic and may cause suffocation. Materials contaminated with this product may burn rapidly. Do not contaminate this product with garbage, dirt, organic matter, paint products, solvents, acids, vinegar, beverages, oils, pine pitch, dirty rags, or other foreign matter. Do not expose to hot surfaces, sparks or open flame.

STORAGE AND DISPOSAL

Pesticide Storage: Do not contaminate water, food or feed by storage or disposal. Store upright in a cool, dry, well-ventilated area away from heat or open flame. Keep product in a tightly closed container when not in use. Do not allow liquid to dry because they may present a fire hazard. Store away from other chemical and combustibles. Do not skid or slide drums.

Pesticide Disposal: Pesticide wastes are acutely hazardous. Improper disposal of excess pesticide, spray mixture, or rainsite is a violation of Federal Law. If these wastes cannot be disposed of properly by use according to its labeling instructions, contact your State Pesticide or Environmental Control Agency, or Hazardous Waste representative at the nearest EPA Regional Office for guidance.

Emergency Handling: In case of contamination or decomposition, do not reseal container. Isolate in an open, well ventilated area. Flood with large volumes of water. If fire occurs, extinguish with large volumes of water. Cool unopened drums by water spray.

Procedure for Leak or Spill: Stop leak if this can be done without risk. Keep combustible and organic materials away. If material has been spilled, an acceptable method of disposal is to dilute with at least 20 volumes of water followed by discharge into suitable treatment system in accordance with all local, state and Federal environmental laws, rules, regulations, standards, and other requirements.

Container Disposal: Nonrefillable container. Do not reuse or refill this container. Clean container promptly after emptying. Offer for recycling, if available. Triple rinse as follows: Empty the remaining contents into application equipment or a mix tank. Fill the container 1/4 full with water. Replace and tighten closures. Tip container on its side and roll it back and forth, ensuring at least one complete revolution, for 30 minutes. Stand the container on its end and tip it back and forth several times. Empty the rinse into application equipment or a mix tank or store rinse for later use or disposal. Repeat this procedure two more times.

DIRECTIONS FOR USE
It is a violation of Federal Law to use this product in a manner inconsistent with its labeling.

Application Methods: This product is a precursor for the generation of chlorine dioxide.
[Do not add this product directly to the system being treated] Chlorine dioxide solutions can be generated from this product by the following methods:
1. The chlorine method which utilizes this product with chlorine gas, or
2. The hypochlorite method which utilizes this product with a hypochlorite solution and an acid, or
3. The Acid-Chlorite method which utilizes this product and an acid, or
4. The electrolytic method which utilizes this product with sodium chloride, as needed.

Acidified sodium chlorite solutions can be generated by mixing this product with Generally Recognized As Safe (GRAS) acids such as citric, phosphoric, acetic acid, or sodium bisulfate for food processing applications. (In addition to the previously mentioned GRAS acids, a mineral acid such as, hydrochloric acid or sulfuric acid may be used for other applications). Acidified solutions may require up to 10.0 ppm chlorine dioxide.

Treatment of Irrigation Water Systems: Chlorine dioxide generated from this product is effective for use in controlling bacteria, algae and slime in irrigation piping and emitters for field and greenhouse/hothouse applications and is effective for use in controlling bacteria, algae, slime and to reduce nitrification in water reservoirs when applied continuously or with a slug dose. The typical chlorine dioxide residual concentration range is 0.25-2 ppm (2-16 lbs of chlorine dioxide per million gallons of water) for continuous dosing and 5-25 ppm (42-210 lbs of chlorine dioxide per million gallons of water) for slug dosing.

Enhanced Oil and Gas Exploration and Recovery Systems [Including Primary, Secondary or Tertiary Oil and Gas Recovery, Plus Oil Sands Processing Waters]:
Note: Addition of chlorine dioxide generated from this product must be made at the free water knockout, before or after the injection pumps and injection well headers. For microbial control in oil field water, polymer or micellar foams, water-disposal systems, or other oil field water systems, the preferred method of addition is to use a chlorine dioxide specific generator.

For controlling bacteria; including sulfate-reducing and slime-forming bacteria, in oil and gas production systems.
For use in treating water for hydraulic fracturing.
Oil-field water treatment of fracturing, produced, disposal, outfall, injected, down-hole, and co-mingled waters.
Oil sands processing waters.
Enhanced oil recovery systems and oil-field injection waters.

Disposal-well water.

Removing, controlling or preventing biofouling in oil and gas applications.

Chlorine dioxide generated from this product is effective in the remediation of bacterial contamination commonly found in oilfield production, injection, and disposal fluids. The required dosage and frequency will vary depending on severity of contamination, temperature and pH. The typical chlorine dioxide residual concentration range is 1.2-5.0 ppm for continuous dosing, above the chemical [chlorine dioxide] demand of the system, but may require up to 10.0 ppm chlorine dioxide.

Always inject or introduce the chlorine dioxide below the surface of the treated water/suspension/liquid/surry, preferably while flowing or mixing.

Manufactured By:
ENVIRO TECH CHEMICAL SERVICES, INC.
500 Winmore Way, MODESTO, CA (209-581-9576)
209-581-9576
24 hr Transportation Emergency
ChemTrec No.: 800-424-9300

DOT: UN 1908, Chlorite
Solution, B, PGI

LOT #: Net contents:

Ver V3