SECTION 1 - IDENTIFICATION

Product Identifier: FOAM CHLOR 50  
Product Code: 502

SECTION 2 - HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

Classification of the Substance or Mixture:
- Skin Corrosion - Category 1
- Serious Eye Damage - Category 1
- Corrosive to Metals - Category 1
- Acute Toxicity - Oral Category 5

Signal Word: DANGER

Hazard Statements:
- Causes severe skin burns and eye damage
- May be corrosive to metals
- May be harmful if swallowed
- Causes serious eye damage

Precautionary Statements:
- Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection.
- IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.
- IF ON SKIN (or hair): Remove/Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water/shower.
- IF INGESTED: Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician.

SECTION 3 - COMPOSITION / INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Ingredient</th>
<th>CAS Number</th>
<th>Concentration</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>POTASSIUM HYDROXIDE</td>
<td>1310-58-3</td>
<td>3-7%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>SODIUM HYPOCHLORITE</td>
<td>7681-52-9</td>
<td>3-4%</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

SECTION 4 - FIRST-AID MEASURES

Inhalation: Get medical advice/attention if you feel unwell or are concerned.

Skin Contact: Take off immediately contaminated clothing, shoes and leather goods (e.g. watchbands, belts). Rinse skin with lukewarm, gently flowing water/shower with a flushing duration of 60 minutes. Immediately call POISON CENTER/doctor. Wash contaminated clothing before re-use.

Eye Contact: Remove source of exposure or move person to fresh air. Rinse eyes cautiously with lukewarm, gently flowing water for several minutes, while holding the eyelids open. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing for 60 minutes. Take care not to rinse contaminated water into the unaffected eye or into the face. Immediately call a POISON CENTER/doctor. Continue rinsing until medical aid is available.

Ingestion: Immediately call a POISON CENTER/doctor. Do NOT induce vomiting. If vomiting occurs naturally, lie on your side, in the recovery position.

Most Important Symptoms and Effects, both Acute and Delayed: Causes severe skin burns and eye damage, burning of the mouth, throat, and esophagus.

Indication of any Immediate Medical Attention and Special Treatment Needed: Treat symptomatically

SECTION 5 - FIRE-FIGHTING MEASURES

Extinguishing Media: Use water spray, powder, foam, carbon dioxide.

Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture: Hot or molten material can react violently with water. Can react with certain metals, such as aluminum, to generate flammable hydrogen gas.


Hazardous Combustion Products: May cause fire and explosions when in contact with incompatible materials.

Special protective equipment and precautions for firefighters: In the event of a fire, wear full protective clothing and NIOSH-approved self-contained breathing apparatus.
SECTION 6 - ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures: Ventilate area of leak or spill. Wear appropriate personal protective equipment as specified in Section 8. Isolate hazard area. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering.

Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up: SMALL SPILLS (less than 1 gallon): Dike small spills with inert material (sand, earth, etc.). Collect in plastic containers only. Wash area and let dry. LARGE SPILL: Should be diked with sand ahead of spill. Collect in plastic containers only. Ensure adequate decontamination of tools and equipment following clean up.

Special spill response procedures: Collect spills in plastic containers only

SECTION 7 - HANDLING AND STORAGE

Precautions for Safe Handling: Wear at least chemical resistant gloves and eye protection, face shield, and chemical resistant garments when handling, moving or using this product. Do not contaminate water, food, or feed by storage or disposal.

Conditions for Safe Storage: Keep product in tightly closed container when not in use. Do not drop, roll, or skid drum. Store in a cool, dry, well-ventilated area away from heat or open flame.

Incompatible Materials: Avoid acids and/or strong oxidizers when using or storing this product.

SECTION 8 - EXPOSURE CONTROLS / PERSONAL PROTECTION

Ventilation and engineering measures: Forced air, local exhaust, or open air is adequate.

Respiratory Protection: In case of confined spaces or high levels encountered in the air, wear self contained breathing apparatus.

Skin Protection: Wear chemical resistant gloves and chemical resistant garments when handling, wash garments before re-use.

Eye/Face Protection: Wear safety glasses, goggles and/or face shield to prevent eye contact.

Other Protective Equipment: Eye wash facility and emergency shower should be in close proximity.

General Hygiene Conditions: Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Wash thoroughly after handling. Remove and wash contaminated clothing before re-use. Handle in accordance with good industry hygiene and safety practice.

SECTION 9 - PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Appearance: Pale yellow liquid
Odor: Faint bleach odor
pH: >12
Initial boiling point and boiling range: No information available.
Flash point: No information available
Flammability (solid, gas): Non flammable
Specific gravity: 1.125 g/mL
Solubility in water: Complete
Decomposition temperature: Above 230°F/ 110 ºC
Viscosity: 10-25 cSt at 68 ºF/ 20 ºC

SECTION 10 - STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

Reactivity: Higher temperatures will lead to faster decomposition. Oxidizing agents, reducing agents, metals, acids and alkalis.

Chemical Stability: Stable under normal conditions

Possibility of Hazardous Reactions: Reactive with oxidizing agents, reducing agents, metals, acids and alkalis. Incompatible with acids and strong oxidizers, may emit chlorine gas and hydrogen chloride.

Conditions to Avoid: Incompatible materials and high temperatures


Hazardous Decomposition Products: Chlorine gas and hydrogen chloride. Carbon oxides, nitrogen oxides, halogenated compounds.

SECTION 11 - TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Information on likely routes of exposure:
Routes of entry - inhalation: YES
Routes of entry - skin & eye: YES
Routes of entry - ingestion: YES
Routes of entry - skin absorption: NO

Potential Health Effects:

Signs and symptoms of short term (acute) exposure:

Inhalation: May cause irritation to respiratory system in mist/vapor form. May cause headaches, dizziness, nausea, weakness and drowsiness.
SAFETY DATA SHEET

Ingestion: Corrosive! Swallowing causes severe burns of mouth, throat, and stomach. Severe scarring of tissue, corrosion, permanent tissue destruction and death may result. Symptoms may include severe pain, nausea, vomiting, diarrhea, shock, hemorrhaging and/or fall in blood pressure. Damage may appear days after exposure.

Skin: Corrosive! Contact with skin causes irritation or severe burns and scarring with greater exposures.

Eye: Corrosive! Causes irritation of eyes, and with greater exposures it can cause burns that may result in permanent impairment of vision, even blindness.

Potential Chronic Health Effects:

Mutagenicity: Not known to have mutagenic effects in humans or animals.

Carcinogenicity: Not expected to be a carcinogen or tumorigen.

Reproductive effects: No known effect on humans or animals.

Sensitization to material: Severe allergic reactions may occur in sensitized individuals.

Specific target organ effects: No known specific target organ effects.

Medical conditions aggravated by overexposure: No information available

Toxicological data: The calculated ATE values for this mixture are:

ATE oral = >2000 mg/kg
ATE dermal = >5000 mg/kg
ATE inhalation = No information available

SECTION 12 - ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Ecotoxicity: May be harmful to aquatic life

Persistence and degradability: Not expected to persist. Readily biodegradable.

Bioaccumulation potential: No information available

Mobility in soil: No information available

SECTION 13 - DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Handling for disposal: Do not contaminate water, food, or feed by storage and/or disposal. When handling refer to protective measures listed in sections 7 and 8. Empty residue from containers, rinse container well.

Method of disposal: Dispose of in accordance with all applicable federal, state, provincial and local regulations. Contact your local, state, provincial or federal environmental agency for specific rules.

RCRA: If product becomes a waste, it does meet the criteria of a hazardous waste as defined by the US EPA, because of: Corrosivity D002

SECTION 14 - TRANSPORTATION INFORMATION

Certain shipping modes or package sizes may have exceptions from the transport regulations. The classification provided may not reflect those exceptions and may not apply to all shipping modes or package sizes.

Please note the GHS and DOT Standards are NOT identical and therefore can have varying classifications

US 49 CFR/DOT/ICATA/IMDG Information:

UN No.: 1760
UN Proper Shipping Name: Corrosive liquid, n.o.s. (Potassium Hydroxide)
Transportation hazard class(es): 8
Packing Group: III

Environmental hazards: Not a Marine Pollutant

SECTION 15 - REGULATORY INFORMATION

US Federal Information:

US CERCLA reportable quantity (RQ): Sodium hypochlorite has a RQ of 100 pounds of pure chemical. Potassium hydroxide has a RQ of 1000 pounds of pure chemical.
SARA Title III: Acute Health Hazard

SECTION 16 - OTHER INFORMATION

Legend:

SARA: The Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act
RCRA: Resource Conservation and Recovery Act
SAFETY DATA SHEET

TSCA: Toxic Substances Control Act
CFR: Code of Federal Regulations
DOT: Department of Transportation
ATE: Acute Toxicity Estimate

Preparation date: 8/25/2015